

Pages 2,3,4 1887

Pages 5,6 1924

Pages 7,8 1934

CUDESODON, or Cuddesden, is a parish in the Southern division of the county, hundred and petty sessional division of Bullington, union of Headington, county court district of Oxford, rural deanery of Cuddesdon and archdeaconry and diocese of Oxford, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south from Wheatley railway station on the Great Western railway and $6\frac{1}{2}$ east-south-east from Oxford, situate on the river Thame. The church of All Saints is a fine cruciform building of stone in the Norman and later styles, and consists of chancel, clerestoried nave, aisles, south and west porches, transepts and an embattled central tower with pinnacles and a low rectangular turret at the north-west angle, and containing 6 bells, three of which are dated 1617 and the others respectively 1677, 1709 and 1795, and there is a sanctus bell dated 1748; the church appears to have been originally built about 1180, to which date belong the piers supporting the west doorway, a very good example of the latest Norman work, south doorway, the north transept walls and one clerestory window, with other portions: to this Norman church, nave aisles were added about 1240, with arcades of three arches on either side; about 1350 the low side walls were raised and decorated windows inserted and a south porch erected: the chancel is Late Perpendicular, c. 1500, and has a very good stained east window of four lights: the remaining windows bearing the emblazoned arms of various bishops of Oxford: on the south side are two rude openings, with pointed arches: the upper part of the tower belongs, together with the nave roof and some of the internal fittings, to the reign of James I.; the font is plain and round, on a modern base; a lofty cross with a base of five steps stands in the churchyard: there are 250 sittings, most of which are free.

The register dates from the year 1541. The living is a vicarage, formerly annexed to the bishopric of Oxford, from which it was separated by Order in Council in 1852.

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net yearly value £235, with residence, in the gift of the Bishop of Oxford, and held since 1883 by the Rev. William Methven Gordon Ducat M.A. of Balliol College, Oxford. Wilberforce Theological College, founded by the late Bishop Wilberforce in April, 1853, and opened June 15, 1854, for the training of candidates for holy orders, is a building in the Decorated style from designs by the late G. E. Street esq. R. A. and contains a dining-hall and rooms for about 22 students, to which a chapel, hall and other buildings were added in 1874 as a memorial to Bishop Wilberforce ; students must have been members of one of the universities and have passed their final examination ; and such as enter from King's College, London, or Trinity College, Dublin, must have received the Divinity testimonium : in 1877 a cottage house for 4 students was built near the church gate. Cuddesdon Palace, the episcopal residence of the Bishop of Oxford, is a fine and commodious mansion surrounded by a small park : the chapel attached to the palace was erected by Bishop Wilberforce in 1846, and is in the Decorated style ; all the windows are stained ; the original palace was built in 1635 by Bishop Bancroft, but was burned in 1644 by order of Colonel William Legge, then governor of Oxford, lest it should afford shelter to the Parliamentary forces ; in 1675-6 it was rebuilt by Bishop Fell, and finally completed by the same prelate in 1680. The Earl of Macclesfield is lord of the manor. The principal landowners are the Earl of Macclesfield and Queen's College, Oxford. The soil is ~~low~~ loamy ; subsoil, clay, gravel and sand. The chief crops are wheat, barley and beans. The entire area is 2,689 acres ; rateable value of Cuddesdon, £ 2,002 ; The population in 1881 was 340.

Chippinghurst is a hamlet. The population in 1881 was 15.

The area is 140 acres ; rateable value, £ 528.

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Denton is a chapelry in the parish of Cuddesdon, a quarter of a mile
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south-west. The population in 1881 was 138 ; the area is 730 acres ;
rateable value, £ 1,084. Parish Clerk, Charles Mortimer.

Post & Money Order Office & Savings Bank. - Charles Peasley, postmaster.
Letters through Oxford arrive at 7.5 a.m. & 3.55 p.m. ; despatched
at 7 & 10.5 a.m. & 6.35 p.m.

Theological College, Rev. William Methven Gordon Ducat M.A. principal
National School (mixed), established in 1841, for 110 children ;
average attendance, 85 ; Thomas Martin Martin, headmaster

Carriers to Oxford. -- William Dover, mon. wed. & sat. ;

Miss Jane Howard, mon. wed. & sat.

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CUDDESDON.

Oxford Right Rev. Lord Bishop of D.D. (John Fielder Mackarness)
(chancellor of the most Noble Order of the Garter), The Palace.

Ducat Rev. William Methven Gordon M.A. (vicar, also principal of
Wilberforce Theo. College), The Vicarage.

Pendlebury Rev. John Roger M.A. (curate of All Saints')

Chillingworth John, farmer

Davis Richard, (Three Compasses P.H.

Gale Anne (Mrs.), farmer

Howard Henry, carrier

Martin Thomas Martin, head master National school & organist of
All Saints', & assistant overseer

Mortimer Charles, shopkeeper

Peasley Charles, stationer, & post office

Waterman James, builder & contractor, wheelwright, house decorator,
carpenter, painter &c

Wing Alfred, Bat & Ball P.H. baker &c

DENTON

Urquhart Rev. Edward William M.A. Denton House

Buswell Richard, farmer

Ryman William, farmer, overseer for the parish of Denton

Sellar Thomas Richard, farmer

Turner Edward, blacksmith

CHIPPINGHURST

Wills Charles, farmer

CROWMARSH BATTLE, see Benson.

CROWMARSH GIFFORD is a parish and village, separated from Berkshire by the river Thames, over which is a fine stone bridge of fifteen arches, connecting this place with Wallingford, on the opposite bank; it is 1 mile west from Wallingford terminal station on a branch from Cholsey and Moulsoford station, on the Great Western railway, 16 north-west from Reading and 14 south-east from Oxford and on the road from Henley-on-Thames to Wallingford, 11 north-west from Henley, in the Henley division of the county, petty sessional division of Henley, Wallingford union and county court district, Langtree hundred, rural deanery of Wallingford, archdeaconry of Berks and diocese of Oxford. The church of St. Mary Magdalen, originally erected between 1135 and 1154 as a hospital for lepers, is a small but very interesting building of rubble with stone dressings, in the Norman style, consisting of chancel, nave, a small north transept of later date, and a western belfry containing 8 tubular bells, presented in memory of Henry Bertie Watkin Williams Wynn D.L. and J.P. late of Howbery Park, who died 4 Oct. 1895: the west end, with its small round windows and Norman doorway, is perhaps unique: the latter was blocked up till 1843, when the south porch was removed and this entrance reopened; all the other sides have been altered by the addition of windows: the font is a very fine contemporary example of Norman decoration, circa 1130: in the chancel is an elegant Norman piscina consisting of a recessed moulded arch with a projecting circular basin, ribbed on the under side; this is one of the oldest and most perfect piscinas in England: the massive door, formerly at the west end, and still bearing the marks of bullet holes made, it is said, during the siege of Wallingford at the time of the Civil War, has been removed to the vestry: in the nave, on the south wall, are mural tablets to the Clack, House and Baker families, the first surmounted by the armorial ensigns of that family: there is a brass with inscription to William Hyldesley, gent. ob. August 30, 1576, his wife Margaret and 13 children, and another to John Clack, ob. 1533; Andrew Clack, gent. son of Thomas, ob. 1569; Anne Clack, ob. 1593, and Wyllyam Clack, ob. 1614: in the chancel is a mural monument of marble to Bridget, wife of Philip Parsons M.A. ob. Sept. 29, 1645; one to the Rev. Robert Selwood M.A. a former rector, who died 1750, and another to Thomas Clack, a benefactor to the parish, who died in 1614: the whole fabric was restored in 1869, and in 1894 the east end was rebuilt and altered, the oak-timbered roof being left open, and the walls decorated: the churchwardens' wands were the gift of Major T. S. Clack in 1923: certain lands in the parish, of between one and two acres, were sold in 1903, and the proceeds invested in trustee stocks, the income of which is applied to the repairs of the church: there are 210 sittings, all of which are free. The lych-gate was erected to commemorate parishioners who served in the Great War, 1914-18. The register of baptisms dates from the year 1575; marriages, 1618; burials, 1576. The living is a rectory, together with that of Newnham Murren, joint net yearly value £256, with residence, in the gift of the Hon. Florence Barrington, and held since 1920 by the Rev. Thomas Wilfrid Liddle Caspersz M.A. of

Wadham College, Oxford, late chaplain R.N. A horse fair is held here annually on August 2nd. Howbery Park is the residence of Lord Wittenham of Wallingford C.B.; the mansion, a handsome structure, commanding a fair view of the surrounding country, was rebuilt about 1845, after its destruction by fire. At the north end of Clack's lane, near the Oxford main road, a few farm buildings are all that remain of the ancient seat of the Clack family. J. G. Hossack esq. is lord of the manor. There are several small landowners. The soil, which is exceedingly fertile, belongs to the upper greensand formation, and a considerable portion is rich in phosphate of lime in the form of coprolites, which are found distributed through the soil and extend beyond the parish of Crowmarsh Gifford into the neighbouring hamlet of Preston Crowmarsh; the land bears heavy cereal crops, and both the wheat and barley are of the finest quality; it is particularly adapted to the growth of peas and beans, and bears heavy crops of sainfoin and other fodder plants and potatoes. The area is 658 acres of land and 4 of water; rateable value, £1,479; the population in 1911 was 277.

Post & M. O. Office.—Miss Frances Dearlove, sub-postmistress. Letters through Wallingford, 1 mile distant, which is the nearest telegraph office
County Constabulary.—Albert Edward Croton, constable in charge

CROWMARSH RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Meets at the Clerk's office, Wallingford, monthly on tuesday at 11 a.m

The District comprises the Oxfordshire parishes in Wallingford (Berks) union, viz.:—Benson, Berrick Salome, Crowmarsh Gifford, Dorchester, Ewelme, Mongewell, Newington, Newnham Murren, Stoke (North), Stoke (South), Warborough. The area is 20,172 acres; rateable value, £35,171; the population in 1911 was 5,014, and in 1921, 5,072.

Chairman, Rev. A. H. Caldecott.

Officials.

Clerk, P. C. A. Slade B.A. 7 St. Martin's st. Wallingford
Treasurer, R. R. Hutchinson, Westminster Bank Ltd. Wallingford

Medical Officer of Health, William Hugh Hill M.D., D.P.H. Marlborough chambers, Cornmarket street, Oxford

Surveyor, W. H. West, Crowmarsh, Oxon

Sanitary Inspector, Albert G. Gray, Benson

Elementary School (mixed), for 102 children, for the parishes of Crowmarsh & Newnham Murren; James Rathbone, master

Motor omnibus to & from Oxford & Henley to Wallingford passes through the village daily

Water Conveyance.—From Wallingford bridge during May to September, river steamers run daily (sundays excepted) to Oxford, Reading, Windsor, Henley & Kingston

Carriers.—William Wixen passes through Crowmarsh Gifford, tues. & fri. for Wallingford, Highmoor, Nettlebed, Nuffield & Stoke Row

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

Caspersz Rev. Thomas Wilfred Liddle M.A., R.N. (rector), The Rectory
Dodd Clarence, Roselea. T N 53
Wallingford

Lewis Arthur P
Newton William, The Giffords
Smith Sir Cecil Harcourt C.V.O., LL.D. Coldharbour
Tizard Samuel

Wilder Frank A. The Limes

Wittenham of Wallingford Lord C.B., D.L., J.P. Howbery park; & 14 Grosvenor square W 1 & Carlton & United University clubs, London

COMMERCIAL.

Blake Frederick, caretaker to Sir Cecil H. Smith C.V.O. Coldharbour
Bowden Henry & Sons, coach builders
Coker Ernest, Bell inn
Dean Horace John, assistant overseer
Dearlove Misses, bakers, Post office

Hartland William H. commercial trav
Harvey George Arthur, beer retailer
Marcus Albert George, haberdasher
Newton William, quarry owner
Norris Edmund Edwd. Gough, boot ma
Phillips Jsph. cabinet ma. & undertkr
Sopp Emily (Mrs.), honey dealer
Tarfint Limited, quarry owners
Wicks Emily (Miss), beer retailer
Wilder W. & Sons, iron & brass founders & agricultural engineers.
T N Wallingford 8
Wise Isaac James E. grocer

CUDDESDON is a parish and village on the river Thame, 1½ miles south from Wheatley station on the Wycombe, Thame and Oxford branch of the Great Western railway and 6½ south-east from Oxford, in the Henley division of the county, hundred and petty sessional division of Bullington, union of Headington, county court district of Oxford, rural deanery of Cuddesdon and archdeaconry and diocese of Oxford. The church of All Saints is a fine cruciform building of stone, originally of the Transitional style, but now in part Early English, with later additions, and consisting of chancel, clerestoried nave, aisles, south and west porches, transepts and an embattled central tower, with

pinnacles and a low rectangular turret at the north-west angle, and containing 6 bells, three of which are dated 1617 and the others respectively 1677, 1709 and 1795, and there is a sanctus bell dated 1748: the church appears to have been originally built about 1180; the west doorway, a very good example of Late Norman work, dates from about 1200; the south doorway, the north transept walls, one clerestory window and the stair turret of the tower, with other portions, may be of 1180: the aisles were added about 1240, and have arcades of three arches on either side; about 1350 the low side walls were raised, Decorated windows inserted and a south porch erected: the chancel is

Late Perpendicular, c. 1500, and has a very good stained east window of four lights by Mr. C. E. Kempe: the remaining windows display the emblazoned arms of various bishops of Oxford: on the south side are two rude openings, with pointed arches: the upper part of the tower, together with the nave roof and some of the internal fittings, belongs to the reign of James I.: in the north aisle is a curious low-side window: the font is plain and round, on a modern base: there are 250 sittings: a lofty cross with a base of five steps stands in the churchyard. The register dates from the year 1541. The living is a vicarage, annexed since the Reformation to the bishopric of Oxford, from which it was separated by Order in Council in 1852; net yearly value £305, with residence, in the gift of the Bishop of Oxford, and held since 1914 by the Rev. James Buchanan Seaton M.A. of Christ Church, Oxford, principal of the Theological College, and hon. canon of Christ Church. The Wesleyan chapel here was built in 1887. Cuddesdon Theological College, founded by the late Samuel Wilberforce D.D. Bishop of Oxford 1846-69, for the training of candidates for holy orders, and opened June 15, 1854, is a building in the Decorated style from designs by the late G. E. Street esq. R.A. and contains a dining-hall and rooms for about 36 students, to which a chapel, hall and other buildings were added in 1874 as a memorial to Bishop Wilberforce (d. 19 July, 1873). In 1904 a new wing was built and in 1920 an additional wing. A memorial was erected in 1919 to the students of the college who fell in the Great War. Students must have been members of one of the universities and have taken a degree; in 1877 a cottage house for four students was built near the church gate; the Rev. James Buchanan Seaton M.A. principal; Rev. Edward J. Bicknell M.A. vice-principal; Rev. Alexander Sargent M.A. chaplain. The reading and recreation room, erected by public subscription, for the working men of Cuddesdon and Denton, stands on a piece

of ground rented from Magdalen College. Cuddesdon Palace, the episcopal residence of the Bishop of Oxford, is a fine and commodious mansion surrounded by a small park: the attached chapel, erected by Bishop Wilberforce in 1846, is in the Decorated style; all the windows are stained; the original palace was built in 1635 by Bishop Bancroft, but was burned in 1644 by order of Colonel William Legge, then governor of Oxford, lest it should afford shelter to the Parliamentary forces; in 1675-6 it was rebuilt by Bishop Fell, and finally completed by the same prelate in 1680. Magdalen and Queen's Colleges, Oxford, are the principal landowners. The soil is sand and loam; subsoil, clay, gravel and sand. The chief crops are wheat, beans, oats and barley. The area is 841 acres of land and 5 of water; rateable value, £2,092; the population in 1911 was 274 in the civil and 461 in the ecclesiastical parish, including Denton and Chippinghurst.

By Local Government Board Order 7,868, dated Dec. 24, 1878, Vent Farm, Pelfrance, and part of Holton Wood were transferred from Cuddesdon to Holton, and a detached part of the parish added to Forest Hill for civil purposes.

Post, M. O. & T. Office.—Walter Paul Mitchell, sub-postmaster. Letters through Oxford

CHIPPINGHURST is a hamlet. The population in 1911 was 12. The area is 307 acres of land and 7 of water; rateable value, £475.

DENTON is a chapelry in the parish of Cuddesdon, a quarter of a mile south-west. The population in 1911 was 157; the area is 545 acres; rateable value, £754.

Parish Clerk, Harry George Mortimore.
Elementary School (mixed), established in 1841, for 100 children; Miss Greening, mistress

Carriers to Oxford.—William Dover, wed. & sat.; Joseph Cox, wed. & sat

CUDDESDON.

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

Oxford Right Rev. Lord Bishop of (Hubert Murray Burge D.D.) (chancellor of the Most Noble Order of the Garter), The Palace
Bicknell Rev. Edward John M.A. (vice-principal of the Theological college)
Leadbitter Mrs. Lilian Gertrude, The Old Vicarage
Rich Rev. E. C., B.A. (secretary to the Lord Bishop of Oxford)
Seaton Rev. James Buchanan M.A. (vicar, principal of the Theological college & hon. canon of Christ Church)

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus * farm 150 acres or over.
*Bell Thomas, farmer, Manor farm
Bobart William B. miller (water & steam)
Burgess M. & Son, builders, general contractors, sanitary engineers & hot water fitters
Burrows Alfred, saddler & harness maker
Cocum Thomas, head gardener to the Lord Bishop of Oxford
Cox Joseph, carrier
Dover William, carrier
*Gale Hubert John, farmer, Dove house
Hyde Frank, gardener to the Theological college
Mitchell Walter Paul, stationer & assistant overseer, Post office

Mortimore Harry George, shopkeeper
Reading & Recreation Room
Theological College (Rev. James Buchanan Seaton M.A. principal)
Wing William Henry, Bat & Ball P.H

DENTON.

O'Malley Sir Edward Loughlin J.P., M.A. Denton house

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus * farm 150 acres or over.
*Buswell Harry Geo. farmer, Denton Manor farm
*Ryman William, farmer
Sellar Thomas Richard, cowkeeper
Turner Frederick, blacksmith

CHIPPINGHURST.

Wheeler Alfred, farmer

CULHAM is a parish and village, bounded on the north, south and west by the river Thames, which separates it from Berks, and has a station on the Didcot and Oxford section of the Great Western railway, 1½ miles east of the village, 3½ south-south-east from Abingdon, 6 miles from Dorchester and 53 from London. The parish is in the Henley division of the county, Dorchester hundred, Bullingdon petty sessional division, Abingdon union and county court district, rural deanery of Cuddesdon, archdeaconry and diocese of Oxford. Culham bridge, which crosses the river Thames about half a mile north of the village, at a point where its ancient and modern channels unite, connects the parish with Abingdon; it is substantially built of stone, and was originally constructed by the Guild of the Holy Cross in Abingdon, under letters patent of Henry V. dated at Westminster, 23 June, 1416, in place of the previously used, but dangerous ferry; the fabric still bears marks of the attempt made 11 Jan. 1645, by General Gage to break it down, when Abingdon was held for the Parliament by Colonel Brown. The church of St. Paul, anciently dedicated to St. Andrew, was rebuilt as to the nave in 1852 in the Early English style, and is an edifice of stone consisting of chancel, nave, north aisle, south transept, south porch and a Perpendicular embattled western tower, erected in 1710 and containing 5 bells, 3 being recast and 2 new ones added in 1922 at a cost of £240: the chancel was rebuilt in 1872, at the cost of John Shaw Phillips esq. (d. 1893), and contains a small trefoil-headed recess and a monument to Thomas Bury, a member of a family of that name, of Bury Hall,

Lancaster, d. 1624: the arches of the south arcade, five in number, are Early English, with continuous mouldings: a window in the north aisle, filled with impaled shields of arms of the Cary family of the 17th century, is singularly made to form part of a monument to Sir Edmund Cary knt. d. 12 Sept. 1637, son of Henry Cary, first Baron Hunsdon K.G. erected by Judith, his third wife, in 1638: there is also a marble mural monument to Jonathan Peel esq. d. 18 Aug. 1843: in the north aisle is a marble tablet bearing the names of 8 men from this parish who fell in the Great War, 1914-18: there are 200 sittings: a small fenced-in churchyard surrounds the church, to which an addition of 16 perches was made in 1921, the land being presented by Mrs. Morrell. The register of baptisms and burials dates from the year 1638; marriages, 1639, and contains an entry, under date Oct. 10, 1666, of a sum of £1 3s. 8d. collected in aid of the sufferers by the Great Fire of London. The living is a discharged vicarage, net yearly value £260, with residence, in the gift of the Bishop of Oxford, and held since 1918 by the Rev. Bertram Best Woolrych M.A. of Exeter College, Oxford. The poor's allotment has been sold and the proceeds, amounting to over £2,000, invested in Consols, the interest of which is distributed in fuel. Good fishing may be had in Sutton Mill pool, and for pike, below Culham lock. Mrs. J. H. S. Phillips is owner of the rectorial property, including glebe of about 160 acres. Mrs. Morrell, who is lady of the manor, and Mrs. J. H. S. Phillips are the principal landowners. The soil is gravel; subsoil, sand and clay. The chief crops are wheat and barley. The area is 1,964 acres of

Conveyance.—Motor omnibuses to & from Oxford, Henley & Wallingford pass through the village several times daily, & connections are made at Wallingford for Reading omnibuses

Water Conveyance.—From May to September daily trips are made up & down river to Oxford, Reading, Henley, Windsor & Kingston

CROWMARSH GIFFORD.

Letters should be addressed, Crowmarsh, Wallingford (Berks).

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

(For TN's see general list of Private Residents at end of book.)

Brown Misses, The Giffords
Dale Rev. John Greenshields M.A. (rector), The Rectory
Danby Maj. W. Chaise house
Hunt Capt. Thomas Mark Chambers, Bridge view
Lewis Arthur P
Newby-Robson Mrs. Coldharbour
Perrett R. J. M. Suntimead
Wilder Clarence, Stony bank
Wilder Frank A. The Limes

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus ° farm 150 acres or over.
Bell P.H. (Geo. Rt. Bryant)
Bowden Hy. & Sons, house decrtrs
Dearlove G. J. (Misses C. E. & F. M. Dearlove, proprietresses), bakers
°Edwards Jn. Wm. farmer, Coldharbour farm, Wallingford 3264
Gamecock Inn (Percy Slade)
Gardeners' Arms P.H. (Mrs. Ethel Mary Green)
Honey Geo. jun. nurseryman, Yarnton

Hunt Capt. Thos. Mark Chambers M.R.C.V.S. veterinary surgn. Bridge view, Wallingford 3211
Lay Ada May (Mrs.), grocer, & post office. TN 317611
Queyrane J. L. Ltd. nurserymen, French gdns
Tidmarsh Lawrence Hy. blacksmith
Tomlin George W. & Son, cabinet makers & undertakers. Wallingford 3296
Wilder W. & Sons Ltd. iron & brass founders & agricultural engineers TN Wallingford 2108
Winter Garret, smallholder, The Red ho

NEWNHAM MURREN.

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

(For TN's see general list of Private Residents at end of book.)
Chillingworth William, Newnham hill (postal address Nettlebed, Henley-on-Thames)
Elliott John Howard, Hedgeways, Crowmarsh hill
Greener W. R. S. The Cottage, Newnham hill (postal address, Nettlebed, Henley-on-Thames)
Horsfall Frank, The Cottage, Nuffield rd. Turner's Court (letters addressed, Benson, Oxford)

Livingstone-Learmonth Fredk. Valiant
Cotton D.S.O. Newnham manor
Morrell Miss Carol, Newnham croft
Phillips Mrs
Ponking Edward C
Saunders William, Little Gables, Crowmarsh hill
Wilder Walter J. The Hut, Crowmarsh hill

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus ° farm 150 acres or over.
Beazley Amelia (Mrs.), laundress
Blissett Chas. J. E. accumulator charger
°Brazil Wm. farmer, Newnham hill (postal address, Nettlebed, Henley-on-Thames)
°Edwards Jn. Wm. farmer, Home farm, Wallingford 3298
Lay Joseph, boot & shoe maker; repairs a speciality
Phillips George Frederick, builders' material mer. Wallingford 3296
°Purdie Mary Wallace (Mrs.), farmer, English farm (letters should be addressed Nuffield, Henley-on-Thames). Nettlebed 255
Queen's Head P.H. (Sydney Wltn. Shinn), Wallingford 3291
°Young Wm. Frank, farmer, Newnham farm, Wallingford 3278

CROWMARSH BATTLE, see Benson.

CUDESSEDON is a parish and village on the river Thame, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south from Wheatley station on the Wycombe, Thame and Oxford branch of the Great Western railway and 8 south-east from Oxford station, in the Henley division of the county, hundred, rural district and petty sessional division of Bullingdon, county court district of Oxford, rural deanery of Cuddesdon and archdeaconry and diocese of Oxford.

Electricity is available. The church of All Saints is a cruciform building of stone, originally of the Transitional style, but now in part Early English, with later additions, and consisting of chancel, clerestoried nave, aisles, south and west porches, transepts and an embattled central tower, with pinnacles and a low rectangular turret at the north-west angle, and containing 6 bells, three of which are dated 1617 and the others respectively 1677, 1709 and 1795, and there is a sanctus bell dated 1748: the church appears to have been originally built about 1180; the west doorway is Late Norman, dating from about 1200; the south doorway, the north transept walls, one clerestory window and the stair turret of the tower, with other portions, may be of 1180: the aisles were added about 1240, and have arcades of three arches on either side; about 1350 the low side walls were raised. Decorated windows inserted and a south porch erected: the chancel is Late Perpendicular, c. 1500, and has a stained east window of four lights: the remaining windows display the emblazoned arms of various bishops of Oxford: on the south side are two rude openings, with pointed arches: the upper part of the tower, together with the nave roof and some of the internal fittings, belongs to the reign of James I.: in the north aisle is a curious low-side window: the font is plain and round, on a modern base: there are 250 sittings: a lofty cross with a base of five steps stands in the churchyard. The register dates from the year 1541. The living is a vicarage, annexed since the Reformation to the bishopric of Oxford, from which it was separated by Order in Council in 1852; net yearly value £224, with residence, in the gift of the Bishop of Oxford, and held since 1929 by the Rev. Eric Graham M.A. of Oriel College, Oxford, Principal of the Theological College. Cuddesdon Theological College, founded by the late Samuel Wilberforce D.D. Bishop of Oxford, 1846-69, for the training of candidates for Holy Orders, and opened June 15, 1854, is a building in the Decorated style, and contains a dining-hall and rooms for about 44 students, to which a chapel,

hall and other buildings were added in 1874 as a memorial to Bishop Wilberforce (d. 19 July, 1873). In 1904 a new wing was built and in 1920 an additional wing. A memorial was erected in 1919 to the students of the college who fell in the Great War, 1914-18. Students must have been members of one of the two universities of Oxford or Cambridge and have taken a degree; in 1877 a cottage house for four students was built near the church gate; the Rev. Eric Graham M.A. principal; Rev. G. S. Wamsley M.A. vice-principal; Rev. Rowland Jonathan Hills B.A. chaplain. The reading and recreation room, for the working men of Cuddesdon and Denton, stands on a piece of ground rented from Magdalen College. Cuddesdon Palace, the official episcopal residence of the Bishop of Oxford, is a fine and commodious mansion surrounded by a small park: the attached chapel, erected by Bishop Wilberforce in 1846, is in the Decorated style; all the windows are stained; the original palace was built in 1635 by Bishop Bancroft, but was burned in 1644 by order of Colonel William Legge, then governor of Oxford, lest it should afford shelter to the Parliamentary forces; in 1675-6 it was rebuilt by Bishop Fell, and finally completed by the same prelate in 1680. Magdalen and Queen's Colleges, Oxford, are the principal landowners. The soil is sand and loam; subsoil, clay, gravel and sand. The chief crops are wheat, beans, oats and barley. The area is 970 acres; the population in 1931 was 284 in the civil and 437 in the ecclesiastical parish, including Denton and Chippinghurst.

By Local Government Board Order 7,868, dated Dec. 24, 1878, Vent Farm, Pelfrance, and part of Holton Wood were transferred from Cuddesdon to Holton, and a detached part of the parish added to Forest Hill for civil purposes.

Post, M. O. & T. Office. Letters through Oxford

CHIPPINGHURST is a hamlet

DENTON is a chapelry in the parish of Cuddesdon, a quarter of a mile south-west. The population in 1931 was 140; the area is 845 acres.

By the Oxfordshire Review Order, 1932, Chippinghurst and Denton were amalgamated to form the new civil parish of Denton.

Conveyance.—Motor omnibuses to Oxford, wed. fri. & sat

CUDESSEDON.

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

(For TN's see general list of Private Residents at end of book.)

Graham Rev. Eric M.A. (vicar, & principal of Cuddesdon Theological College)

Hills Rev. Rowland Jonathan B.A. (chaplain to Cuddesdon Theological College)
Joyce Rev. John Bertram M.A. (curate)
Pither Thomas, Twyford cottage

Smith William Arthur, The Orchard
Somervell Miss, Old Vicarage
Wamsley Rev. Geoffrey Speight M.A. (vice-principal to Cuddesdon Theological College)

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus ° farm 150 acres or over.
 Bat & Ball P.H. (Edgar Sellar)
 °Blay Arth. Lionel, farmer, Dovehouse. Wheatley 37
 Bolton Wm. head gardener at Cuddesdon Palace
 Dexter Thos. Fredk. shopkpr
 Luckett Harry, gardener to the Theological College
 Mitchell Wltr. Paul, statnr. Post office. T N Wheatley 46

°Plumb Chas. farm bailiff to S. C. Stokes esq. Manor farm. Garsington 54
 Reading & Recreation Room
 Reid Jn. coal mer. Hill view. Garsington 62
 Smith William Arthur, motor engineer, The Orchard garage. Garsington 52
 Spokes Fredk. shopkpr
 Theological College (Rev. Eric Graham M.A. principal). Garsington 38

DENTON.

PRIVATE RESIDENT.

(For T N see general list of Private Residents at end of book.)
 Graham Brig.-Gen. Cuthbert Aubrey Lionel D.S.O., J.P. Denton house

COMMERCIAL.

Marked thus ° farm 150 acres or over.
 °Norman Jas. Tyley, farmer, Denton Manor farm. Garsington 31
 °Ryman Arth. farmer, Denton & Gotham farms
 Sellar Fredk. Devereux, farmer, Castle farm

CULHAM is a parish and village, bounded on the north, south and west by the river Thames, which separates it from Berks, and has a station on the Didcot and Oxford section of the Great Western railway, 1½ miles east of the village, 1½ south-south-east from Abingdon, 6 miles from Dorchester and 53 from London. The parish is in the Henley division of the county, Dorchester hundred, Bullingdon rural district and petty sessional division, Abingdon county court district, rural deanery of Cuddesdon, archdeaconry and diocese of Oxford. Culham old bridge, which crosses the river Thames about half a mile north of the village at a point where its ancient and modern channels unite, was originally constructed by the Guild of the Holy Cross in Abingdon, under letters patent of Henry V. dated at Westminster, 23 June, 1416, in place of the previously used but dangerous ferry; it was closed to traffic in 1928, and a new bridge of reinforced concrete was built a few yards further up stream. Electricity is available.

The church of St. Paul, anciently dedicated to St. Andrew, was rebuilt as to the nave in 1852 in the Early English style, and is an edifice of stone consisting of chancel, nave, north aisle, south transept, south porch and a Perpendicular embattled western tower, erected in 1710 and containing 6 bells, three being recast and two new ones added in 1922, and a new tenor bell added in 1926: the chancel was rebuilt in 1872, at the cost of John Shaw Phillips esq. (d. 1893), and contains a small trefoil-headed recess and a monument to Thomas Bury, a member of a family of that name, of Bury Hall, Lancaster, d. 1624: the arches of the south arcade, five in number, are Early English, with continuous mouldings: a window in the north aisle, filled with impaled shields of arms of the Cary family of the 17th century, is singularly made to form part of a monument to Sir Edmund Cary knt. d. 12 Sept. 1637, son of Henry Cary, first Baron Hunsdon K.G. erected by Judith, his third wife, in 1638: there is also a marble mural monument to Jonathan Peel esq. d. 18 Aug. 1843: in the north aisle is a marble tablet bearing the names of eight men from this parish who fell in the Great War, 1914-18: there are 200 sittings: a small fenced-in churchyard surrounds the church, to which an addition of 16 perches was made in 1921, the

land being presented by Mrs. Morrell. The register of baptisms and burials dates from the year 1638; marriages, 1639, and contains an entry, under date Oct. 10, 1666, of a sum of £1 3s. 8d. collected in aid of the sufferers by the Great Fire of London. The living is a vicarage, net yearly value £300, with residence, in the gift of the Bishop of Oxford, and held since 1931 by the Rev. Peter Halewood M.A. of St. John's College, Oxford, B.D. of London University. The poor's allotment has been sold and the proceeds, amounting to over £2,000, invested in Consols, the interest of which is distributed in fuel. Good fishing may be had in Sutton Mill pool, and for pike, below Culham lock. James Morrell esq. D.L., J.P. is lord of the manor and principal landowner. The soil is gravel; subsoil, sand and clay. The chief crops are wheat and barley. The area is 2,051 acres of land and inland water; the population in 1931 was 444.

Post Office. Letters through Abingdon (Berks), nearest M. O. & T. office

EDUCATIONAL.

The Oxford Diocesan Training College for School Masters stands in an elevated position about 1 mile west from the Culham station, & is a structure chiefly of local stone in the Decorated style, erected in 1852 by Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Oxford 1846-69, at a cost of £20,000, of which £15,000 was raised by private subscription; the building, opened in 1853, is intended to contain 90 students; it embraces, besides the students' apartments, a hall, chapel & principal's residence; a detached block of buildings was added in 1903 at a further cost of £3,000, comprising students' recreation room, science theatre & laboratory; & a gymnasium & a block of study-bedrooms in 1939: opposite the college, & on the main road, is a large playing field with pavilion, & the college also has a boat-house on the Thames: Rev. Alfred Guillaume D.D. principal; Rev. T. P. Owen M.A. chaplain; Messrs. W. S. Tomkinson B.Litt., E. H. Rogers B.Sc. & J. R. Shelford, tutors

Police Station

Railway Station

PRIVATE RESIDENTS.

(For T N's see general list of Private Residents at end of book.)

Balfour Michael Leonard M.A. Huntsman's cottage
 Crozier Lt.-Col. C. D. Home farm
 Guillaume Rev. Alfred D.D. (principal of Training College)
 Halewood Rev. Peter M.A., B.D. (vicar, & chaplain of Magdalen College School, Oxford), Vicarage
 Mitchell Frederick

Owen Rev. T. P., M.A. (chaplain of Training College)
 Shepley-Shepley Maj. Culham house
 COMMERCIAL.
 Marked thus ° farm 150 acres or over.
 Bartlett Clement Edwd. grocer, & post office. Abingdon 275
 °James Thos. Fredk. farmer, Warren farm
 Lion Inn (Frank Whitehead)
 °Matthews Wm. Hy. farmer, Culham farm
 Mitchell Fredk. estate agt. to Jas. Morrell esq. D.L., J.P.

Oxford Diocesan Training College for Schoolmasters (Rev. Alfred Guillaume D.D. principal). Abingdon 22
 Railway Hotel (Jn. Hy. Jas. Heath)
 °Saunders Wm. Frank, farmer, Zouch & Manor farms. Clifton Hampden 69
 Smith Chas. W. lock-keeper, Culham lock
 Trotman Hubert Wm. baker. Abingdon 418
 Waggon & Horses P.H. (Miss Edith Sarah Vernon)
 °Wilsdon Sidney Edwin, farmer, Rye farm. Abingdon 484

CURBRIDGE, see Witney.

CUTTESLOWE, 3 miles north-north-west from Oxford, with a halt at Oxford Road, on the Bicester and Oxford section of the London, Midland and Scottish railway, is in the Banbury division of the county, hundred of Wootton, petty sessional division of Bullingdon, and county court district of Oxford. It has no church, the inhabitants attending the church at Wolvercote. In this parish is one of the cemeteries formed by the Corporation of Oxford: the site, purchased in 1889 by the late Oxford Local Board, for a sum of £2,600, besides £48 for legal charges, comprises 13ac. 1r. 34p. and has been well laid out and a mortuary chapel and lodge erected at a further cost of about £5,800; it is

under the control of a committee of the Corporation. The principal landowners are Christ Church, Oxford. The soil is clay and loam; subsoil, gravel and sand. The chief crops are wheat, barley and beans; the population in 1931 was 85.

Under the provisions of the Oxford Extension Act, 1928, part of Cutteslowe was transferred to the city and county borough of Oxford, and by the same Act parts of the parishes of Wolvercote and Water Eaton were added to this parish.

By the Oxfordshire Review Order, 1932, Cutteslowe, together with the parishes of Gosford and Water Eaton,