## **Yattendon Parish Council**

To: All Members of Yattendon Parish Council

All Councillors are hereby summoned to attend the following meeting.

Please notify the Clerk if you are unable to attend.

## **NOTICE OF MEETING**

MEETING: Full Council

DATE & TIME: Thursday 7<sup>th</sup> September 2023 at 8:00pm

PLACE: Yattendon Village Hall, Yattendon Road, Yattendon, RG18 OUE

S. Marshman

Dr. S. Marshman, CiLCA, Clerk to the Council

1<sup>st</sup> September 2023

## **Agenda**

- 1 To receive, and consider for acceptance, apologies for absence from Members of the Council
- To receive any <u>declarations of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests</u>, <u>Other Registerable Interests</u>, <u>or Non-Registerable Interests</u> and to consider any requests for dispensation from Members declaring a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest

  Councillors should use the <u>flow-chart</u> below to identify which type of interest they have and what action should be taken.
- 3 To receive questions or comments from members of the public regarding items on the agenda and representations from any member who has declared an Other Registerable Interest or a Non-Registerable Interest
- 4 To approve the Minutes of the Full Council Meeting held on 16<sup>th</sup> August 2023
- 5 To discuss any matters arising from the previous meeting
- 6 To receive a report from our District Councillor
- 7 To receive a report from Yattendon Estates
- To consider following planning applications and to receive an update on <u>planning applications</u> and decisions since the <u>previous meeting</u>
  - 23/01910/FUL St Abbs Cottages, Hampstead Norreys, RG18 OTQ New access from Yattendon Road and car parking for St Abbs Cottages.
- 9 Finance:
  - a) To receive the Finance Report and approve the payments listed
  - b) To receive the most recent bank reconciliation this has not been updated since the meeting on 16<sup>th</sup> August
  - c) To receive any reports from the Internal Controller

- d) To receive the Quarterly Budget Report this has not been updated since the meeting on 16<sup>th</sup> August
- 10 To review SID data and consider further actions
- 11 To appoint an internal auditor and agree the scope of audit for 2023/24
- 12 To consider applying for a Foundation Award from the <u>Local Council Award Scheme</u>
- 13 To consider adopting a Disciplinary Policy and a Grievance Policy
- 14 To consider whether to apply for funding from West Berkshire Council's Members' Bid
- 15 To consider website costs
- 16 To consider a request for funding from West Berkshire Citizens Advice
- 17 Matters for future consideration and information
- To resolve under Section 1(2) of the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings Act 1960) that as publicity would be prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the Confidential nature of the business about to be transacted, it is advisable in the public interest that the Public and Press be temporarily excluded from this meeting and they are herewith instructed to withdraw
- 19 To review staff working hours and salaries

Date and time of next scheduled meeting: Thursday 23<sup>rd</sup> November 2023

## **Supporting Documents**

Agenda Item 2: To receive any declarations of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests, Other Registerable Interests, or Non-Registerable Interests and to consider any requests for dispensation

DPI = Disclosable Pecuniary Interest

ORI = Other Registerable Interest

NRI = Non-Registerable Interest

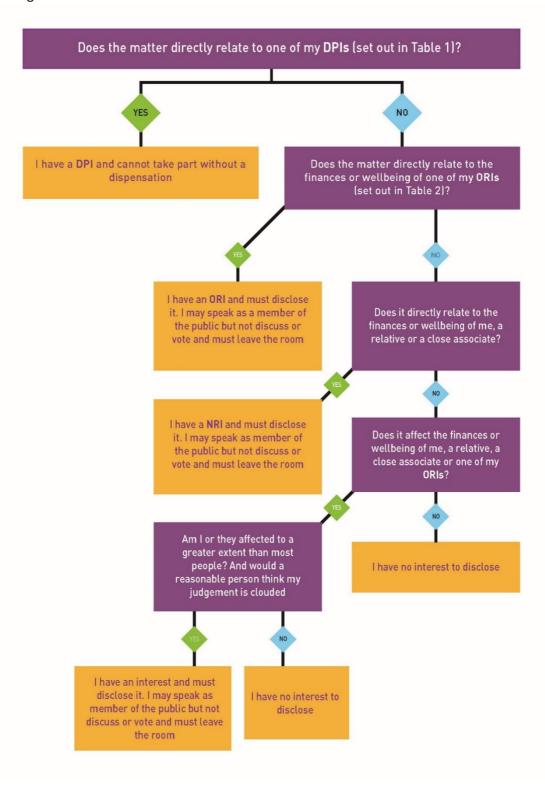


Table 1: Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Description		
Any employment, office, trade,		
profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.		
Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from		
the		
council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for		
expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a		
councillor, or towards his/her election expenses.		
This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within		
the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act		
1992.		
Any contract made between the councillor or his/her spouse or		
civil partner or the person with whom the		
councillor is living as if they were		
spouses/civil partners (or a firm in which		
such person is a partner, or an incorporated body of which such person is		
a director* or		
a body that such person has a beneficial		
interest in the securities of*) and the council —		
(a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be		
executed; and		
(b) which has not been fully discharged.		
Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the council.		
'Land' excludes an easement, servitude,		
interest or right in or over land which does not give the councillor or		
his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the		
councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners (alone or jointly		
with another) a right to occupy or to receive income.		
Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the		
council for a month or longer		
Any tenancy where (to the councillor's knowledge)—		
(a) the landlord is the council; and		
(b) the tenant is a body that the councillor, or his/her spouse or civil		
partner or the		
person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners is a		
partners is a partner of or a director* of or has a beneficial interest in the securities*		
of.		
Any beneficial interest in securities* of a body where—		
(a) that body (to the councillor's		
knowledge) has a place of business or		
land in the area of the council; and		
(b) either—		
(i) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one		
hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or		
(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the		
total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the		
councillor, or his/ her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom		
the councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners have a		

beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share
capital of that class.

<sup>\* &#</sup>x27;director' includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

## Table 2: Other Registerable Interest

You must register as an Other Registerable Interest:

- 1. any unpaid directorships
- 2. any body of which you are a member or are in a position of general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- any body
- (i) exercising functions of a public nature
- (ii) directed to charitable purposes or
- (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management

<sup>\* &#</sup>x27;securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

## Agenda item 8: To receive an update on planning applications since the previous meeting

## **Applications Responded to Under Delegated Powers Since the Previous Meeting:**

Application Reference	Location	Proposed Work	Parish Council Response
23/01887/AGRIC	Eling Farm, Eling, Hermitage, RG18 9XR	Application to determine if prior approval is required for a proposed: New agricultural building for grain/fertiliser storage	No comments
23/01790/HOUSE	Long View, Burnt Hill, Yattendon, RG18 0XD (Formerly known as Redwood)	Enclose both existing porch canopy and carport. Erect Summer House in rear garden	No objections

## West Berkshire Council's Recent Planning Decisions:

Application Reference	Location	Proposed Work	Parish Council Response	WBC Decision
None				

## Agenda item 9a: To receive the Finance Report and approve the payments listed

## Status at bank at last bank reconciliation 31st July 2023

Lloyds Bank Current	£2,815.66
Lloyds Bank Savings	£4,004.61
Total	£6,820.27

## Income received 4th August - 31st August 2023

Interest	£4.61
Total	£4.61

## Payments to be approved

Payment Date	Method	Payee	Payment Detail	Amount
06-Sep	BACS	Staff Costs	Inc. salaries for all staff, expenses, pension contributions and PAYE for Aug	£585.04
			Total	£585.04

## Agenda Item 11: To appoint an internal auditor and agree the scope of audit for 2023/24

Scope of Audit – based on the Annual Internal Audit Report from the 2022/23 AGAR

- A. Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.
- B. This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved and VAT was appropriately accounted for.
- C. This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.
- D. The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.
- E. Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.
- F. Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.
- G. Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.
- H. Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.
- I. Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.
- J. Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.
- K. If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2022/23, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt.
- L. The authority published the required information on a website/webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the relevant legislation.
- M. In the year covered by this AGAR, the authority correctly provided for a period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations
- N. The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2022/23 AGAR

# Agenda Item 12: To consider applying for a Foundation Award from the Local Council Award Scheme

For more information on the Local Council Award Scheme, please see the NALC website.

There is a £50 registration fee to apply.

## Agenda Item 13: To consider adopting a Disciplinary and Grievance Policy

## **Disciplinary Policy**

Version number	1.0	Minute reference	
Date adopted		Review due	Annually

#### Introduction

This policy is based on and complies with the 2015 ACAS Code of Practice (<a href="http://www.acas.org.uk/index.aspx?articleid=2174">http://www.acas.org.uk/index.aspx?articleid=2174</a>). It also takes account of the ACAS guide on discipline and grievances at work.

https://www.acas.org.uk/media/1043/Discipline-and-grievances-at-work-The-Acas-guide/pdf/DG Guide Feb 2019.pdf

The policy is designed to help Council employees improve unsatisfactory conduct and performance in their job. Wherever possible, the Council will try to resolve its concerns about employees' behaviour informally, without starting the formal procedure set out below.

- 2 The policy will be applied fairly, consistently and in accordance with the Equality Act 2010.
- 3 This policy confirms:
  - informal coaching and supervision will be considered, where appropriate, to improve conduct and / or attendance
  - the Council will fully investigate the facts of each case
  - the Council recognises that misconduct and unsatisfactory work performance are different issues.
     The disciplinary policy will also apply to work performance issues to ensure that all alleged instances of employees' underperformance are dealt with fairly and in a way that is consistent with required standards. However, the disciplinary policy will only be used when performance management proves ineffective. For more information see ACAS "Performance Management" at https://www.acas.org.uk/index.aspx?articleid=6608
  - employees will be informed in writing about the nature of the complaint against them and given the opportunity to state their case
  - employees will be provided, where appropriate, with written copies of evidence and relevant witness statements in advance of a disciplinary hearing
  - employees may be accompanied or represented by a companion a workplace colleague, a trade
    union representative or a trade union official at any investigatory, disciplinary or appeal meeting.
    The companion is permitted to address such meetings, to put the employee's case and confer with
    the employee. The companion cannot answer questions put to the employee, address the meeting
    against the employee's wishes or prevent the employee from explaining his/her case
  - the Council will give employees reasonable notice of any meetings in this procedure. Employee must make all reasonable efforts to attend. Failure to attend any meeting may result in it going ahead and a decision being taken. An employee who does not attend a meeting will be given the opportunity to be represented and to make written submissions

- if the employee's companion is not available for the proposed date of the meeting, the employee can request a postponement and can propose an alternative date that is within five working days of the original meeting date unless it is unreasonable not to propose a later date
- any changes to specified time limits in the Council's procedure must be agreed by the employee and the Council
- information about an employee's disciplinary matter will be restricted to those involved in the disciplinary process. A record of the reason for disciplinary action and the action taken by the Council is confidential to the employee. The employee's disciplinary records will be held by the Council in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- audio or video recordings of the proceedings at any stage of the disciplinary procedure are prohibited, unless agreed by all affected parties as a reasonable adjustment that takes account of an employee's medical condition
- employees have the right to appeal against any disciplinary decision. The appeal decision is final
- if an employee who is already subject to the Council's disciplinary procedure raises a grievance, the grievance will normally be heard after the completion of the disciplinary procedure
- disciplinary action taken by the Council can include a written warning, final written warning or dismissal
- this procedure may be implemented at any stage if the employee's alleged misconduct warrants this
- except for gross misconduct when an employee may be dismissed without notice, the Council will not dismiss an employee on the first occasion that it decides there has been misconduct
- if an employee is suspended following allegations of misconduct, it will be on full pay and only for such time as is necessary. Suspension is not a disciplinary sanction. The Council will write to the employee to confirm any period of suspension and the reasons for it,
- the Council may consider mediation at any stage of the disciplinary procedure where appropriate (for example where there have been communication breakdowns or allegations of bullying or harassment). Mediation is a dispute resolution process that requires the consent of affected parties

#### **Examples of misconduct**

- 4 Misconduct is employee behaviour that can lead to the employer taking disciplinary action. The following list contains some examples of misconduct: The list is not exhaustive.
  - unauthorised absence
  - poor timekeeping
  - misuse of the Council's resources and facilities including telephone, email and internet
  - inappropriate behaviour
  - refusal to follow reasonable instructions
  - breach of health and safety rules.

## **Examples of gross misconduct**

- Gross misconduct is misconduct that is so serious that it is likely to lead to dismissal without notice.

  The following list contains some examples of gross misconduct: The list is not exhaustive
  - bullying, discrimination and harassment
  - incapacity at work because of alcohol or drugs

- violent behaviour
- fraud or theft
- gross negligence
- gross insubordination
- serious breaches of council policies and procedures e.g. the Health and Safety Policy, Equality and Diversity Policy, Data Protection Policy and any policies regarding the use of information technology
- serious and deliberate damage to property
- use of the internet or email to access pornographic, obscene or offensive material
- disclosure of confidential information.

#### Suspension

- If allegations of gross misconduct or serious misconduct are made, the council may suspend the employee while further investigations are carried out. Suspension will be on full pay. Suspension does not imply any determination of guilt or innocence, as it is merely a measure to enable further investigation.
- While on suspension, the employee is required to be available during normal hours of work in the event that the council needs to make contact. The employee must not contact or attempt to contact or influence anyone connected with the investigation in any way or to discuss this matter with any other employee or councillor.
- 8 The employee must not attend work. The council will make arrangements for the employee to access any information or documents required to respond to any allegations.

#### **Examples of unsatisfactory work performance**

- 9 The following list contains some examples of unsatisfactory work performance: The list is not exhaustive.
  - inadequate application of management instructions/office procedures
  - inadequate IT skills
  - unsatisfactory management of staff
  - unsatisfactory communication skills.

## The Procedure

- 10 Preliminary enquiries. The council may make preliminary enquiries to establish the basic facts of what has happened in order to understand whether there may be a case to answer under the disciplinary procedure.
  - If the employee's manager believes there may be a disciplinary case to answer, the council may initiate a more detailed investigation undertaken to establish the facts of a situation or to establish the perspective of others who may have witnessed misconduct.
- Informal Procedures. Where minor concerns about conduct become apparent, it is the manager's responsibility to raise this with the employee and clarify the improvements required. A file note will be made and kept by the manager. The informal discussions are not part of the formal disciplinary procedure. If the conduct fails to improve, or if further matters of conduct become apparent, the

manager may decide to formalise the discussions and invite the employee to a first stage disciplinary hearing.

#### **Disciplinary investigation**

- A formal disciplinary investigation may sometimes be required to establish the facts and whether there is a disciplinary case to answer.
- If a formal disciplinary investigation is required, the Council's staffing committee will appoint an Investigator who will be responsible for undertaking a fact-finding exercise to collect all relevant information. The Investigator will be independent and will normally be a councillor. If the staffing committee considers that there are no councillors who are independent (for example, because they all have direct involvement in the allegations about the employee), it will appoint someone from outside the Council. The Investigator will be appointed as soon as possible after the allegations have been made. The staffing committee will inform the Investigator of the terms of reference of the investigation. The terms of reference should specify:
  - the allegations or events that the investigation is required to examine
  - whether a recommendation is required
  - how the findings should be presented. For example, an investigator will often be required to present the findings in the form of a written report
  - who the findings should be reported to and who to contact for further direction if unexpected issues arise or advice is needed.
- The Investigator will be asked to submit their findings within 20 working days of appointment where possible. In cases of alleged unsatisfactory performance or of allegations of minor misconduct, the appointment of an investigator may not be necessary and the Council may decide to commence disciplinary proceedings at the next stage the disciplinary meeting (see paragraph 22).
- The staffing committee will notify the employee in writing of the alleged misconduct and details of the person undertaking the investigation. The employee may be asked to meet an investigator as part of the disciplinary investigation. The employee will be given sufficient notice of the meeting with the Investigator so that he/she has reasonable time to prepare for it. The letter will explain the investigatory process and that the meeting is part of that process. The employee will be provided with a copy of the Council's disciplinary procedure. The Council will also inform the employee that when he/she meets with the Investigator, he/she will have the opportunity to comment on the allegations of misconduct.
- 16 Employees may be accompanied or represented by a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official at any investigatory meeting.
- 17 If there are other persons (e.g. employees, councillors, members of the public or the Council's contractors) who can provide relevant information, the Investigator should try to obtain it from them in advance of the meeting with the employee.
- The Investigator has no authority to take disciplinary action. His/her role is to establish the facts of the case as quickly as possible and prepare a report that recommends to the staffing committee whether or not disciplinary action should be considered under the policy.
- The Investigator's report will contain his/her recommendations and the findings on which they were based. He/she will recommend either:

- the employee has no case to answer and there should no further action under the Council's disciplinary procedure
- the matter is not serious enough to justify further use of the disciplinary procedure and can be dealt with informally or
- the employee has a case to answer and a formal hearing should be convened under the Council's disciplinary procedure.
- The Investigator will submit the report to the staffing committee which will decide whether further action will be taken.
- 21 If the Council decides that it will not take disciplinary action, it may consider whether mediation would be appropriate in the circumstances.

## The disciplinary meeting

- If the staffing committee decides that there is a case to answer, it will appoint a staffing subcommittee of three councillors, to formally hear the allegations. The staffing sub-committee will appoint a Chairman from one of its members. The Investigator shall not sit on the sub-committee.
- No councillor with direct involvement in the matter shall be appointed to the sub-committee. The employee will be invited, in writing, to attend a disciplinary meeting. The sub-committee's letter will confirm the following:
  - the names of its Chairman and other two members
  - details of the alleged misconduct, its possible consequences and the employee's statutory right to be accompanied at the meeting
  - a copy of the information provided to the sub-committee which may include the investigation report, supporting evidence and a copy of the Council's disciplinary procedure
  - the time and place for the meeting. The employee will be given reasonable notice of the hearing so that he /she has sufficient time to prepare for it
  - that witnesses may attend on the employee's and the Council's behalf and that both parties should inform each other of their witnesses' names at least two working days before the meeting
  - that the employee may be accompanied by a companion a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official

The purpose of the disciplinary meeting hearing is for the allegations to be put to the employee and then for the employee to give their perspective. It will be conducted as follows:

- the Chairman will introduce the members of the sub-committee to the employee and explain the arrangements for the hearing
- the Chairman will set out the allegations and invite the Investigator to present the findings of the investigation report (if there has been a previous investigation)
- the Chairman will invite the employee to present their account
- the employee (or the companion) will set out his/her case and present evidence (including any witnesses and/or witness statements)
- any member of the sub-committee and the employee (or the companion) may question the Investigator and any witness
- the employee (or companion) will have the opportunity to sum up

- The Chairman will provide the employee with the sub-committee's decision with reasons, in writing, within five working days of the meeting. The Chairman will also notify the employee of the right to appeal the decision.
- The disciplinary meeting may be adjourned to allow matters that were raised during the meeting to be further investigated by the sub-committee.

#### **Disciplinary action**

26 If the sub-committee decides that there should be disciplinary action, it may be any of the following:

#### First written warning

If the employee's conduct has fallen beneath acceptable standards, a first written warning will be issued. A first written warning will set out:

- the reason for the written warning, the improvement required (if appropriate) and the time period for improvement
- that further misconduct/failure to improve will result in more serious disciplinary action
- the employee's right of appeal
- that a note confirming the written warning will be placed on the employee's personnel file, that a copy will be provided to the employee and that the warning will remain in force for a specified period of time (e.g. 12 months).

#### Final written warning

If the offence is sufficiently serious, or if there is further misconduct or a failure to improve sufficiently during the currency of a prior warning, the employee will be given a final written warning. A final written warning will set out:

- the reason for the final written warning, the improvement required (if appropriate) and the time period for improvement
- that further misconduct/failure to improve will result in more serious disciplinary action up to and including dismissal
- the employee's right of appeal
- that a note confirming the final written warning will be placed on the employee's personnel file, that a copy will be provided to the employee and that the warning will remain in force for a specified period of time (e.g. 12 months).

## Dismissal

The Council may dismiss:

- for gross misconduct
- if there is no improvement within the specified time period, in the conduct which has been the subject of a final written warning
- if another instance of misconduct has occurred and a final written warning has already been issued and remains in force.
- 27 The Council will consider very carefully a decision to dismiss. If an employee is dismissed, he/she will receive a written statement of the reasons for his/her dismissal, the date on which the employment

will end and details of his/her right of appeal. If the sub-committee decides to take no disciplinary action, no record of the matter will be retained on the employee's personnel file. Action taken as a result of the disciplinary meeting will remain in force unless it is modified as a result of an appeal.

#### The appeal

- An employee who is the subject of disciplinary action will be notified of the right of appeal. His/her written notice of appeal must be received by the Council within five working days of the employee receiving written notice of the disciplinary action and must specify the grounds for appeal.
- 29 The grounds for appeal include;
  - a failure by the Council to follow its disciplinary policy
  - the sub-committee's disciplinary decision was not supported by the evidence
  - the disciplinary action was too severe in the circumstances of the case
  - new evidence has come to light since the disciplinary meeting.
- Where possible, the appeal will be heard by a panel of three members of the staffing committee who have not previously been involved in the case. This includes the Investigator. There may be insufficient members of the staffing committee who have not previously been involved. If so, the appeal panel will be a committee of three members of the Council who may include members of the staff committee. The appeal panel will appoint a Chairman from one of its members.
- The employee will be notified, in writing, within 10 working days of receipt of the notice of appeal of the time, date and place of the appeal meeting. The employee will be advised that he/she may be accompanied by a companion a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official.
- 32 At the appeal meeting, the Chairman will:
  - introduce the panel members to the employee
  - explain the purpose of the meeting, which is to hear the employee's reasons for appealing against the disciplinary decision
  - explain the action that the appeal panel may take.
- The employee (or companion) will be asked to explain the grounds for appeal.
- The Chairman will inform the employee that he/she will receive the decision and the panel's reasons, in writing, usually within five working days of the appeal hearing.
- 35 The appeal panel may decide to uphold the disciplinary decision of the staffing committee, substitute a less serious sanction or decide that no disciplinary action is necessary. If it decides to take no disciplinary action, no record of the matter will be retained on the employee's personnel file.
- 36 If an appeal against dismissal is upheld, the employee will be paid in full for the period from the date of dismissal and continuity of service will be preserved.
- 37 The appeal panel's decision is final.

## **Grievance Policy**

Version number	1.0	Minute reference	Minute reference	
Date adopted		Review due	Annually	

#### Introduction

- This policy is based on and complies with the 2015 ACAS Code of Practice (http://www.acas.org.uk/index.aspx?articleid=2174. It also takes account of the ACAS guide on discipline and grievances at work. (https://www.acas.org.uk/media/1043/Discipline-and-grievances-at-work-The-Acas-guide/pdf/DG Guide Feb 2019.pdf). It aims to encourage and maintain good relationships between the Council and its employees by treating grievances seriously and resolving them as quickly as possible. It sets out the arrangements for employees to raise their concerns, problems or complaints about their employment with the Council. The policy will be applied fairly, consistently and in accordance with the Equality Act 2010.
- 2. Many problems can be raised and settled during the course of everyday working relationships. Employees should aim to settle most grievances informally with their line manager.
- 3. This policy confirms:
  - employees have the right to be accompanied or represented at a grievance meeting or appeal by a companion who can be a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official. This includes any meeting held with them to hear about, gather facts about, discuss, consider or resolve their grievance. The companion will be permitted to address the grievance/appeal meetings, to present the employee's case for his /her grievance/appeal and to confer with the employee. The companion cannot answer questions put to the employee, address the meeting against the employee's wishes or prevent the employee from explaining his/her case.
  - the Council will give employees reasonable notice of the date of the grievance/appeal meetings.
     Employees and their companions must make all reasonable efforts to attend. If the companion is not available for the proposed date of the meeting, the employee can request a postponement and can propose an alternative date that is within five working days of the original meeting date unless it is unreasonable not to propose a later date.
  - any changes to specified time limits must be agreed by the employee and the Council.
  - an employee has the right to appeal against the decision about his/her grievance. The appeal decision is final.
  - information about an employee's grievance will be restricted to those involved in the grievance process. A record of the reason for the grievance, its outcome and action taken is confidential to the employee. The employee's grievance records will be held by the Council in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).
  - audio or video recordings of the proceedings at any stage of the grievance procedure are
    prohibited, unless agreed by all affected parties as a reasonable adjustment that takes account of
    an employee's medical condition.
  - if an employee who is already subject to a disciplinary process raises a grievance, the grievance will normally be heard after completion of the disciplinary procedure.
  - if a grievance is not upheld, no disciplinary action will be taken against an employee if he/she raised the grievance in good faith.
  - the Council may consider mediation at any stage of the grievance procedure where appropriate, (for example where there have been communication breakdowns or allegations of bullying or

- harassment). Mediation is a dispute resolution process which requires the consent of affected parties.
- Employees can use all stages of the grievance procedure If the complaint is not a code of conduct complaint about a councillor. Employees can use the informal stage of the council's grievance procedure (paragraph 4) to deal with all grievance issues, including a complaint about a councillor Employees cannot use the formal stages of the council's grievance procedure for a code of conduct complaint about a councillor. If the complaint about the councillor is not resolved at the informal stage, the employee can contact the monitoring officer of [[] council] who will inform the employee whether or not the complaint can be dealt with under the code of conduct. If it does not concern the code of conduct, the employee can make a formal complaint under the council's grievance procedure (see paragraph 5).
- If the grievance is a code of conduct complaint against a councillor, the employee cannot proceed with it beyond the informal stage of the council's grievance procedure. However, whatever the complaint, the council has a duty of care to its employees. It must take all reasonable steps to ensure employees have a safe working environment, for example by undertaking risk assessments, by ensuring staff and councillors are properly trained and by protecting staff from bullying, harassment and all forms of discrimination.
- If an employee considers that the grievance concerns his or her safety within the working environment, whether or not it also concerns a complaint against a councillor, the employee should raise these safety concerns with his or her line manager at the informal stage of the grievance procedure. The council will consider whether it should take further action in this matter in accordance with any of its employment policies (for example its health and safety policy or its dignity at work policy) and in accordance with the code of conduct regime.

#### Informal grievance procedure

4. The Council and its employees benefit if grievances are resolved informally and as quickly as possible. As soon as a problem arises, the employee should raise it with his/her manager to see if an informal solution is possible. Both should try to resolve the matter at this stage. If the employee does not want to discuss the grievance with his/her manager (for example, because it concerns the manager), the employee should contact the Chairman of the staffing committee or, if appropriate, another member of the staffing committee. If the employee's complaint is about a councillor, it may be appropriate to involve that councillor at the informal stage. This will require both the employee's and the councillor's consent.

## Formal grievance procedure

- 5. If it is not possible to resolve the grievance informally and the employee's complaint is not one that should be dealt with as a code of conduct complaint (see above), the employee may submit a formal grievance. It should be submitted in writing to the Chairman of the staffing committee.
- 6. The staffing committee will appoint a sub-committee of three members to hear the grievance. The sub-committee will appoint a Chairman from one of its members. No councillor with direct involvement in the matter shall be appointed to the sub-committee.

## Investigation

7. If the sub-committee decides that it is appropriate, (e.g. if the grievance is complex), it may appoint an investigator to carry out an investigation before the grievance meeting to establish the facts of the

- case. The investigation may include interviews (e.g. the employee submitting the grievance, other employees, councillors or members of the public).
- 8. The investigator will summarise their findings (usually within an investigation report) and present their findings to the sub-committee.

#### **Notification**

- 9. Within 10 working days of the Council receiving the employee's grievance (this may be longer if there is an investigation), the employee will normally be asked, in writing, to attend a grievance meeting. The written notification will include the following:
  - the names of its Chairman and other members
  - the date, time and place for the meeting. The employee will be given reasonable notice of the meeting which will normally be within 25 working days of when the Council received the grievance
  - the employee's right to be accompanied by a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official
  - a copy of the Council's grievance policy
  - confirmation that, if necessary, witnesses may attend (or submit witness statements) on the employee's behalf and that the employee should provide the names of his/her witnesses as soon as possible before the meeting
  - confirmation that the employee will provide the Council with any supporting evidence in advance of the meeting, usually with at least two days' notice
  - findings of the investigation if there has been an investigation
  - an invitation for the employee to request any adjustments to be made for the hearing (for example where a person has a health condition).

## The grievance meeting

- 10. At the grievance meeting:
  - the Chairman will introduce the members of the sub-committee to the employee
  - the employee (or companion) will set out the grievance and present the evidence
  - the Chairman will ask the employee questions about the information presented and will want to understand what action does he/she wants the Council to take
  - any member of the sub-committee and the employee (or the companion) may question any witness
  - the employee (or companion) will have the opportunity to sum up the case
  - a grievance meeting may be adjourned to allow matters that were raised during the meeting to be investigated by the sub-committee.
- 11. The Chairman will provide the employee with the sub-committee's decision, in writing, usually within five working days of the meeting. The letter will notify the employee of the action, if any, that the Council will take and of the employee's right to appeal.

#### The appeal

12. If an employee decides that his/her grievance has not been satisfactorily resolved by the sub-committee, he/she may submit a written appeal to the staffing committee. An appeal must be

received by the Council within five working days of the employee receiving the sub-committee's decision and must specify the grounds of appeal.

- 13. Appeals may be raised on a number of grounds, e.g.:
  - a failure by the Council to follow its grievance policy
  - the decision was not supported by the evidence
  - the action proposed by the sub-committee was inadequate/inappropriate
  - new evidence has come to light since the grievance meeting.
- 14. The appeal will be heard by a panel of three members of the staffing committee who have not previously been involved in the case. There may be insufficient members of the staffing committee who have not previously been involved. If so, the appeal panel will be a committee of three Council members who may include members of the staffing committee. The appeal panel will appoint a Chairman from one of its members.
- 15. The employee will be notified, in writing, usually within 10 working days of receipt of the appeal of the time, date and place of the appeal meeting. The meeting will normally take place within 25 working days of the Council's receipt of the appeal. The employee will be advised that he/she may be accompanied by a workplace colleague, a trade union representative or a trade union official.
- 16. At the appeal meeting, the Chairman will:
  - introduce the panel members to the employee
  - explain the purpose of the meeting, which is to hear the employee's reasons for appealing against the decision of the staffing sub-committee
  - explain the action that the appeal panel may take.
- 17. The employee (or companion) will be asked to explain the grounds of appeal.
- 18. The Chairman will inform the employee that he/she will receive the decision and the panel's reasons, in writing, within five working days of the appeal meeting.
- 19. The appeal panel may decide to uphold the decision of the staffing committee or substitute its own decision.
- 20. The decision of the appeal panel is final.

#### Agenda Item 15: To consider website costs

Our website is currently provided for free by Hugo Fox, however, the company has now advised it will be charging for websites going forwards.

Click the link for a <u>summary of packages with associated costs</u>.

It should be noted that other Parish Council website providers are available should the council wish to review alternatives.

## Agenda Item 16: To consider a request for funding from West Berkshire Citizens Advice

I am writing to ask if you would be prepared to make a donation to Citizens Advice West Berkshire, which would greatly contribute to our continued efforts in assisting the people of West Berkshire. While we are part of National Citizens Advice, we operate as a local charity and rely on local fundraising initiatives to ensure the sustainability of our services.

In the year 2022-23, we helped 2,594 clients in the West Berkshire Council community and achieved financial outcomes of over £335,000 on behalf of these clients.

Our dedicated teams specialize in guiding clients through a diversity of areas, including housing, employment, family and consumer issues. We take great pride in the expertise of our Carers Team and Money Advice Team, both of which have recently been awarded the prestigious external Advice Quality Mark for their exceptional work in providing advice and casework at a complex level, particularly in benefits and debt matters.

The impact, for our clients, of receiving timely and appropriate advice has been well documented and supported by evidence. The right advice, at the right moment, can make a significant difference in someone's life and change their circumstances for the better. Our support also ensures equality for those who may face additional challenges, guaranteeing that they have the same access and opportunities as others.

We are committed to continuously improving our services to meet the ever-changing needs of our clients.

In order to be able to provide essential support for the residents of West Berkshire, it is crucial that we ensure our core expenses, such as overheads and operational costs, are adequately covered.

To make a donation, please consider using the link for the Good Exchange - https://app.thegoodexchange.com/project/20051/citizens-advice-west-berkshire/ask-us-west-berkshire-citizen-advice - as Greenham Trust match donations through this pound for pound.